

# **HYPERsol FFPE protocol with PIXUL megasonication**

## Required equipment and materials:

- S-Trap 96-well plates
- Costar 3799 96-well plate
- Razor blade and scapula; optionally microtome
- 1 mm biopsy punch; e.g. Kai Biopsy Punch (Miltex-Integra 33–31AA)
- Fine tweezers
- Heat blocks set to 80 °C and 55 °C
- Incubator at 47 °C with water-saturated atmosphere
- PIXUL megasonicator, see www.protifi.com/pixul
- Optionally automation, see www.protifi.com/A200

# Required reagents and solutions:

- All standard S-Trap reagents except the lysis buffer (acidification, binding/wash, reduction, alkylation and elution buffers as well as digestion buffer containing protease)
- FFPE samples
- Tris base and hydrochloric acid for pHing
- Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS)
- LC/MS grade methanol (MeOH) and chloroform
- BCA assay e.g. Pierce cat. no. 23225

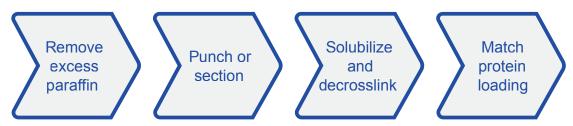
# Required solutions (available for separate purchase at www.protifi.com):

Solution	Composition	рН	Storage
HYERsol lysis buffer	10% SDS, 100 mM tris pH 8.5	8.5	1 year at room temp (RT)

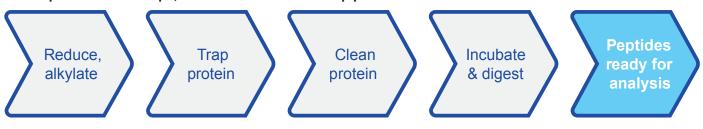
#### Reference

Marchione DM, Ilieva I, Devins K, Sharpe D, Pappin DJ, Garcia BA, Wilson JP, Wojcik JB. HYPERsol: High-Quality Data from Archival FFPE Tissue for Clinical Proteomics. *Journal of Proteome Research*. 2020 Jan 14;19(2):973-83. https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.jproteome.9b00686

# **Protocol overview**



#### Subsequent to these steps, follow the standard S-Trap protocol:





# Remove excess paraffin

1) Trim FFPE blocks of excess paraffin using a sterile razor blade or scapula.

## **Punch or section**

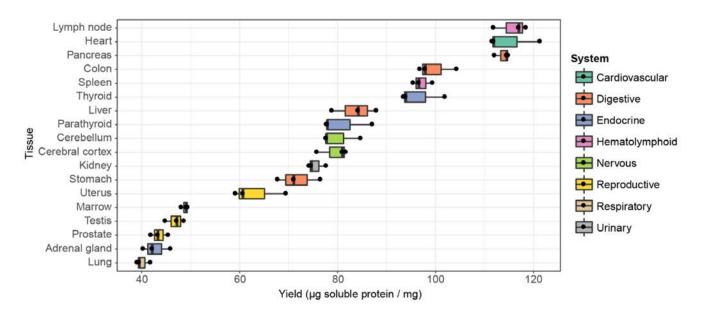
2) Use a 1 mm Kai Biopsy Punch (Miltex-Integra 33–31AA) to punch cores until 5 mg of total FFPE material is obtained; pool as necessary. Alternatively, section scrolls on a microtome.

#### Solubilize and decrosslink

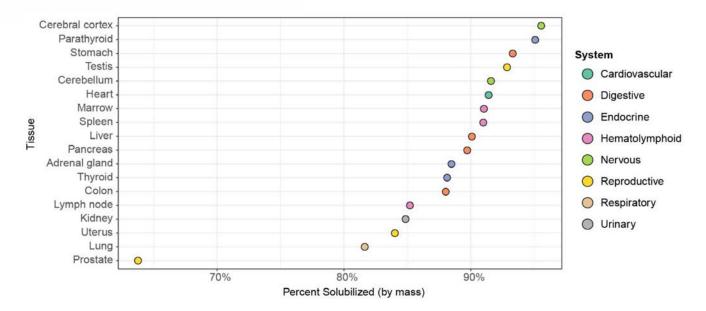
- **3)** For tissue cores, preferably dice them into small pieces with a scapula or razor blade and transferred to Costar 3799 96-well plate. For scrolls, transferred it to the 96-well plate and use tweezers to ensure they are at the bottom of the well.
- 4) Add 100 µL of HYPERsol lysis buffer or 20X volume/weight if not 5 mg to the wells.
- 5) Allow samples to rehydrate overnight.
- 6) Megasonicate at 20 °C for 5 min on the PIXUL or until pieces have been dissolved: 50 N pulse at 1 kHz with a 20 Hz burst rate.
- 7) Placed on a heat block at 80 °C for 1 h to reverse crosslinking. Make sure to poke small holes in the plate seal to relieve pressure and spin down condensate.
- 8) Megasonicate for 6 min with the same settings as step 6.

# **Match protein loading**

- 9) Measure protein concentration with a BCA assay and match the amount of protein in all samples by dilution, as needed, with HYPERsol lysis buffer. 96-well S-Traps process 100 300 μg of total protein.
  - If samples are very dilute, they can be concentrated as the S-Trap can handle SDS concentrations ≤ 20%.
  - For human samples, the following protein yields can be expected (mass in the below graph includes the mass of the wax in the tissue and no external wax):







# Abbreviated S-Trap digestion; see also the standard S-Trap protocol

- 10) Aliquot a fixed quantity of protein from 100 300 μg to a clean 96-well plate in a constant volume of 46 μL.
  - Samples of different volumes are acceptable if all reagent ratios are maintained.
- 11) Reduce by adding 2 µL of reductant (120 mM aqueous TCEP; final concentration 5 mM) and incubate at 55 °C for 15 min.
- **12)** Alkylate by adding 2  $\mu$ L of alkylator (500 mM MMTS in isopropanol; final concentration 20 mM) and incubate at RT for 10 min.
- 13) Acidify by adding 5 µL of 96-well plate acidifier (27.5% wt/wt aqueous phosphoric acid); mix.
- **14)** Add 350 µL of binding/wash buffer (100 mM final TEAB in 90% MeOH) to all samples. Transfer the sample including any colloidal or precipitated protein to the S-Trap plate and bind via centrifugation, positive or negative pressure. The Tecan A200 is recommended.
- 15) Wash once with 400 µL of bind/wash buffer.
- 16) Wash three times with 400 µL of 50% MeOH/50% CHCl<sub>3</sub>.
  - The additional washes ensure that no wax is present.
- 17) Wash twice more with 400 µL of binding/wash buffer.
- 18) Add 125 µL of digestion buffer containing sufficient trypsin or trypsin/lys-C mix for a 1:10 wt:wt ratio.
- 19) Incubate at 47 °C for 1 hr.
- 20) Remove the plate and add 100 µL of digestion buffer (not containing any additional protease)
- 21) Incubate at 47 °C for 1 hr more.
- 22) Elute by centrifugation, positive or negative pressure; the Tecan A200 is recommended.
- 23) Elute with 80  $\mu$ L of 0.2% aqueous formic acid followed by 80  $\mu$ L of 50% aqueous ACN containing 0.2% formic acid. The final ACN concentration will be around 10% v/v. Pool and dry down elutions, resuspending as necessary.